State of Arizona Senate Forty-seventh Legislature First Regular Session 2005

CHAPTER 107

SENATE BILL 1311

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 32-4001, 32-4002, 32-4003, 32-4004, 32-4005, 32-4006, 32-4007, 32-4021, 32-4022, 32-4025, 32-4041 AND 32-4042, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; CHANGING THE DESIGNATION OF TITLE 32, CHAPTER 40, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, TO "BOARD OF CERTIFIED REPORTERS"; RELATING TO CERTIFIED REPORTERS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

- i ·

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Section 32-4001, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-4001. Scope of chapter

This chapter does not apply APPLIES to persons, entities or courts that use nonstenographic STENOGRAPHIC OR VOICE WRITING means of recording BUT DOES NOT APPLY TO OTHER MEANS OF RECORDING. This chapter does not limit the contempt powers of the court or the authority of the court to discipline court employees.

Sec. 2. Section 32-4002, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-4002. <u>Definitions</u>

In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Board" means the board of certified court reporters.
- 2. "Certification" means a standard certificate that is issued by the board to a person who meets the requirements of sections 32-4021 and 32-4022 and does not include a temporary certificate.
- 3. "Certified court reporter" means a person who is certified by the board and who records and transcribes a verbatim record in any sworn proceeding by means of written symbols or abbreviations in shorthand, or machine writing OR VOICE WRITING.
- 4. "Certify" means board authorization to engage in activities regulated by the board.
- 5. "Report" means to stenographically OR BY VOICE WRITING record and transcribe sworn proceedings.
- 6. "VOICE WRITING" MEANS THE MAKING OF A VERBATIM RECORD OF THE SPOKEN WORD BY MEANS OF REPEATING THE WORDS OF THE SPEAKER INTO A DEVICE THAT IS CAPABLE OF DIGITAL TRANSLATION INTO TEXT.
 - Sec. 3. Section 32-4003, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-4003. Reporter certification: violation
- A. Beginning July 1, 2000, A person shall not engage in the stenographic reporting of REPORT proceedings in any court in this state and shall not take stenographic REPORT depositions in this state for use in any court in this state unless the person is certified pursuant to this chapter.
- B. Beginning July 1, 2000, A certified court reporter shall sign and certify each transcript that the certified court reporter prepares before the transcript may be used in court, except for transcripts that the court reporter prepares for proceedings that occurred before July 1, 2000.
- C. Beginning July 1, 2000, A certified court reporter shall include the title "certified court reporter" OR THE ABBREVIATION "CR" and the reporter's certificate number on the title or cover page of any transcript, on any business card, advertisement or letterhead and on the certificate of any transcript.
- D. Beginning July 1, 2000, It is unlawful for any person who is not certified pursuant to this chapter to represent oneself as a certified court reporter.

- 1 -

Sec. 4. Section 32-4004, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-4004. <u>Board of certified reporters</u>

- A. The board of certified court reporters is established consisting of the following members:
- 1. The chief justice of the supreme court or the chief justice's designee.
- 2. One judge of the court of appeals who is appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court.
- 3. One superior court judge who is appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court.
- 4. Two court CERTIFIED reporters who are residents of this state, who have been official court reporters for at least five years and who are appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court.
- 5. Two court CERTIFIED reporters who are residents of this state, who have been freelance court reporters for at least five years and who are appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court.
- 6. One attorney who is a resident of this state, who has been licensed to practice law in this state for at least five years and who is appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court.
- 7. One public member who has been a resident of this state for at least five years and who is appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court.
- B. Members who are appointed pursuant to subsection A, paragraphs 2 through 7 serve five year terms. The chief justice shall fill a vacancy for any unexpired portion of a term in the same manner as the original appointment.
 - C. A majority of the members shall elect a chairperson.
- D. Public members of the board are not eligible to receive compensation but are eligible to receive reimbursement for expenses pursuant to title 38, chapter 4, article 2.
- E. The board shall assure that a record of its meetings and all official actions, a register of all applicants for certification and a roster of all certified court reporters is ARE maintained. The board shall designate the location where it maintains the register and roster.
 - Sec. 5. Section 32-4005, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-4005. <u>Program administration; duties</u>
 - A. The supreme court shall:
 - 1. Administer the court reporter certification program.
 - 2. Adopt rules.
- 3. Establish and collect fees, costs and fines PENALTIES that are necessary for the implementation and enforcement of the program.
 - B. The board shall:
- 1. Make recommendations to the supreme court regarding rules, policies and procedures to implement and enforce this chapter, including the following:

- 2 -

- (a) Applicant testing.
- (b) Fees.
- (c) A code of conduct.
- (d) Continuing education.
- (e) Any other matter pertaining to certified court reporters.
- 2. Determine through testing and other means an applicant's ability to make a verbatim record of proceedings that may be used in any court by means of written symbols or abbreviations in shorthand, or machine writing OR VOICE WRITING.
 - 3. Issue certificates to qualified applicants.
- 4. Investigate and take disciplinary action pursuant to section 32-4006.
- 5. Require each applicant to submit a full set of fingerprints to the supreme court for the purpose of obtaining a state and federal criminal records check pursuant to section 41-1750 and Public Law 92-544. The department of public safety may exchange this fingerprint data with the federal bureau of investigation.
 - Sec. 6. Section 32-4006, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-4006. <u>Enforcement and disciplinary procedures</u>
- A. On its own motion or on receipt of a complaint, the board shall investigate, prosecute and adjudicate alleged violations of this chapter, as appropriate, and may conduct any investigation that would aid in the enforcement of this chapter.
- B. For the purposes of investigations or hearings under this chapter, the board may administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, take evidence and require the production of documents, records or information, either kept in original form or electronically stored or recorded, or other items that are relevant or material to the inquiry.
- C. If a person refuses to obey a subpoena issued pursuant to this section, the board may request the superior court to issue an order that requires the appearance by a person or the production of documents or other items, or both. The court may treat the failure to obey the order as contempt of court and may punish the contempt.
- D. The board shall impose cease and desist orders, issue letters of concern or warnings or order revocation or suspension of certification for violations of this article and assess costs and fines PENALTIES associated with these activities. These costs and fines PENALTIES shall be deposited in the court CERTIFIED reporters fund established by section 32-4007.
 - Sec. 7. Section 32-4007, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-4007. Certified reporters fund; report
- A. The court CERTIFIED reporters fund is established consisting of fees, costs and fines PENALTIES collected pursuant to sections 32-4005, 32-4006 and 32-4008 and monies appropriated to the fund. The supreme court shall administer the fund.

- 3 -

- B. Monies deposited in the fund are continuously appropriated and are exempt from the provisions of section 35-190 relating to lapsing of appropriations.
- C. The supreme court may receive and expend monies from the fund for the purposes of this chapter.
- D. On notice from the supreme court, the state treasurer shall invest and divest monies in the fund as provided by section 35-313, and monies earned from investment shall be credited to the fund.
 - Sec. 8. Section 32-4021, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-4021. Standard certification qualifications; application
- A. An applicant for standard certification as a certified court reporter shall apply on approved forms and, at a minimum, shall:
 - 1. Be at least eighteen years of age.
 - 2. Be a citizen or legal resident of the United States.
 - 3. Satisfy the requirements of section 32-4022.
 - 4. Be of good moral character.
- 5. Possess a high school diploma or general equivalency diploma or a similar document or certificate.
- 6. Pursuant to rules adopted by the supreme court, demonstrate reasonable proficiency in making verbatim records of trial or judicial or related proceedings.
- 7. Comply with the laws and rules and orders adopted by the supreme court governing court CERTIFIED reporters in this state.
 - 8. Pay the fees established pursuant to section 32-4008.
- 9. Submit a full set of fingerprints with the fee prescribed in section 41-1750 to the supreme court for the purpose of obtaining a state and federal criminal records check pursuant to section 41-1750 and Public Law 92-544.
- B. If the board is satisfied that an applicant meets the requirements of this section and section 32-4022, the supreme court shall issue a certificate to the applicant. The board may refuse to issue a certificate if section 32-4024 applies.
 - Sec. 9. Section 32-4022, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 32-4022. Examination; requirements; exemption
- A. A person shall not be admitted to an examination without presenting satisfactory evidence to the board that before the date on which the application for an examination was filed the person has done at least one of the following:
- 1. Obtained one year of experience in making verbatim records of meetings, conferences, hearings or judicial or related proceedings by means of written symbols or abbreviations in shorthand, or machine writing OR VOICE WRITING and in transcribing these records.
- 2. Obtained a verified certificate of the satisfactory completion of a prescribed course of study from a court reporting school or a certificate from a school that evidences the equivalent proficiency and the ability to

- 4 -

make a verbatim record of material that is dictated pursuant to rules adopted by the supreme court.

- 3. Obtained a national court reporters association's registered professional reporter or registered merit reporter certificate.
- 4. Obtained a valid certificate to practice court reporting that is issued by a state other than this state if the other state's requirements and certifying examination are substantially similar to or more stringent than those in this state.
- 5. Demonstrated reasonable proficiency in making verbatim records of trial or judicial or other related proceedings by passing an approved examination for certification pursuant to rules adopted by the supreme court.
- B. The examination for certification consists of the following two parts:
- 1. A national court reporters association's registered professional reporter examination, A NATIONAL VERBATIM REPORTERS ASSOCIATION'S CERTIFIED VERBATIM REPORTERS ASSOCIATION EXAMINATION or an alternative demonstration of proficiency approved by the supreme court.
- 2. A written knowledge test of rules of the supreme court of Arizona and statutes of this state relating to court reporters.
- C. The board shall review the content and subject matter of the examination and shall make changes as deemed necessary.
- D. The supreme court shall specify a date and place for the examinations.
- E. An applicant who has passed PURSUANT TO RULES ADOPTED BY THE SUPREME COURT, AN APPLICANT WHO PRESENTS PROOF OF HAVING PASSED AN EXAMINATION APPROVED BY THE SUPREME COURT INCLUDING a national court reporters association's registered professional reporter examination, or a national court reporters association's registered merit reporter examination, A NATIONAL VERBATIM REPORTERS ASSOCIATION'S CERTIFIED VERBATIM REPORTERS ASSOCIATION EXAMINATION OR AN ALTERNATIVE DEMONSTRATION OF PROFICIENCY APPROVED BY THE SUPREME COURT and the test prescribed by subsection §, paragraph 2 may apply for certification without taking and passing the examination prescribed by subsection B, paragraph 1. if the applicant submits all of the following:
- 1. Proof that the applicant holds a current national court reporters association's registered professional reporter or registered merit reporter designation.
- 2. A copy of the applicant's national court reporters association's registered professional reporter or registered merit reporter certificate.
- F. An applicant who fails to pass the examination prescribed by subsection B, paragraph 2 may apply for reexamination at any time.
- G. An applicant shall be disqualified from taking any future examination if the board determines that the applicant engaged in fraud, dishonesty or corruption while taking the examination.

- 5 -

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Sec. 10. Section 32-4025, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-4025. Administration of oaths

A certified court reporter may administer oaths and affirmations.

Sec. 11. Section 32-4041, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-4041. Revocation or suspension of certificate

- A. The board may revoke or suspend a certificate issued under this chapter for any of the following reasons:
 - 1. Unprofessional conduct.
 - 2. Violations of this chapter.
 - 3. Gross negligence or incompetence in the performance of duties.
 - 4. Fraud, dishonesty or corruption.
- 5. Inability to perform the duties of a court CERTIFIED reporter at a level of skill that is required by the board.
- 6. Aiding or assisting another person to engage in the verbatim reporting of any judicial proceeding if the other person is not a certified court reporter.
- 7. Conviction by final judgment of a felony offense or any other offense involving moral turpitude.
- 8. The court has ordered treatment for a certified court reporter pursuant to title 36 or has found a certified court reporter to be incapacitated pursuant to title 14.
- B. Before revoking or suspending a certificate, the board shall give a certificate holder notice and an opportunity for a hearing, except that if the board finds that the public health, safety or welfare requires emergency action and incorporates a finding to that effect in the order, the board may order the summary suspension of a certificate pending a proceeding for certificate revocation or other action.
- Sec. 12. Section 32-4042, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

32-4042. Certificate reinstatement

A court reporter PERSON whose certificate was suspended or revoked BY THE BOARD may apply in writing for a reinstatement of the certificate on a showing of good cause and paying the renewal fee. The board may grant or deny the request, may require the applicant to take or retake the examination for certification and may impose other conditions for reinstatement.

Sec. 13. Heading change

The chapter heading of title 32, chapter 40, Arizona Revised Statutes, is changed from "BOARD OF CERTIFIED COURT REPORTERS" to "BOARD OF CERTIFIED REPORTERS".

Sec. 14. Applicability

The requirements for certification of voice writing reporters established by section 32-4003, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act, apply from and after December 31, 2006.

- 6 -

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR APRIL 18, 2005.

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